Dr. Arnau Padrol

## Discrete Geometry II

Bonus Homework — due July 21st

**Bonus Exercise 1.** i) Let  $z_1, z_2, \ldots, z_n \in \mathbb{R}^d \setminus \{0\}$  and define the zonotope

$$Z := [0, z_1] + [0, z_2] + \cdots + [0, z_n]$$

Show that

$$V_d(Z) = \sum_{1 \le i_1 < i_2 < \dots < i_d \le n} |\det(z_{i_1}, z_{i_2}, \dots, z_{i_d})|$$

ii) Consider the function  $f(u):=V_{d-1}(\pi_u(Z))$  where  $\pi_u:\mathbb{R}^d\to u^\perp\cong\mathbb{R}^{d-1}$  is the orthogonal projection onto  $u^\perp=\{x\in\mathbb{R}^d:u^tx=0\}$ , the hyperplane perpendicular to u. Show that there is a zonotope  $\Pi_Z=\sum_{j=1}^M [-w_j,w_j]$  such that

$$f(u) = \max\{u^t x : x \in \Pi_Z\}.$$

(10 points)

**Bonus Exercise 2.** Let  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d}$  be a matrix of rank d < n with positively dependent rows (i.e.,  $\alpha^t A = 0$  for some  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}^n_{>0}$ ). Let  $\bar{A} = (\bar{a}_1, \dots, \bar{a}_n) \in \mathbb{R}^{(n-d) \times n}$  be of rank n-d and  $\bar{A}A = 0$ . For  $b \in \mathbb{R}^n$  set  $\bar{b} := \pi(b) = \bar{A}b$ .

i) Show that  $P_A(b) = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^d : Ax \leq b\}$  is affinely isomorphic to  $\{y \in \mathbb{R}^n : y \geq 0, \bar{A}y = \bar{b}\}.$ 

Now let

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

ii) Compute  $\pi(\mathcal{B}_A)$  and the closed inner region  $\bar{\mathcal{B}}_A$ . These are two pointed 3-dimensional cones. Draw a corresponding 2-dimensional picture.

[Hint: This are questions about a planar point configuration.]

iii) (Bonus) How many normally non-equivalent types of simple polytopes with 6 facets are there for A?

(10+3 points)