

## Exercise sheet 8 for Algebra II

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**Exercise 1.** Prove the equational criterion for flatness: An  $R$ -module  $M$  is flat if and only if for any relation  $\sum_{i=1}^r x_i m_i = 0$ , with  $r \geq 1$ ,  $x_i \in R$  and  $m_i \in M$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, r$ , there exist an  $s \geq 1$  and elements  $m'_j \in M$ ,  $j = 1, \dots, s$ ,  $x_{i,j} \in R$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, r$ ,  $j = 1, \dots, s$  such that  $m_i = \sum_{j=1}^s x_{i,j} m'_j$ , for all  $i$ , and  $\sum_{i=1}^r x_{i,j} x_i = 0$ , for all  $j$ . (*Hint:* Use the equivalence (i)  $\Leftrightarrow$  (iv) of §11, Theorem 9.)

**Exercise 2.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $M$  an  $R$ -module. Recall that for  $x \in R$  we have  $\text{Ann}(x) = \{y \in R \mid yx = 0\}$ .

- (i) Show that if  $M$  is flat, then  $xm = 0$ , for  $x \in R$  and  $m \in M$ , implies  $m \in \text{Ann}(x) \cdot M$ .
- (ii) Assume that every ideal in  $R$  is principal (but it does not need to be a domain). Show that, if  $xm = 0$ , for  $x \in R$  and  $m \in M$ , implies  $m \in \text{Ann}(x) \cdot M$ , then  $M$  is flat.
- (iii) Assume  $R$  is a principal ideal domain. Show that  $M$  is flat if and only if it is torsion free, i.e.,  $xm = 0$ ,  $x \in R$ ,  $m \in M$ , implies  $x = 0$  or  $m = 0$ .

**Exercise 3.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $I \subset R$  an ideal.

- (i) Show that if  $R/I$  is a flat  $R$ -module, then  $I^2 = I$ . (*Hint:* First show that  $I \otimes_R R/I \cong I/I^2$ .)
- (ii) Show that if  $I$  is finitely generated and  $I = I^2$ , then  $R/I$  is a projective  $R$ -module, in particular it is flat. (*Hint:* First use a corollary of the Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (determinant trick), to show that  $I$  is principal and hence is generated by an idempotent element.)

**Exercise 4.** We saw in the lecture that if  $\varphi : M \rightarrow M$  is an  $R$ -linear and surjective endomorphism of a *finitely generated*  $R$ -module  $M$ , then  $\varphi$  is an isomorphism. Show by an example that this does not need to be the case if  $M$  is not finitely generated. (*Hint:* You can for example consider the  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module  $\mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}$  with  $\varphi$  the multiplication-by- $n$ -map.)

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