

# Generalized Kneser Coloring Theorems with Combinatorial Proofs (Erratum)

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May, 2005

In [5], we presented a lower bound for the chromatic numbers of hypergraphs  $KG_{\mathbf{s}}^r \mathcal{S}$ , “generalized  $r$ -uniform Kneser hypergraphs with intersection multiplicities  $\mathbf{s}$ .” It generalized previous lower bounds by Kříž [1, 2] for the case  $\mathbf{s} = (1, \dots, 1)$  without intersection multiplicities, and by Sarkaria [4] for  $\mathcal{S} = \binom{[n]}{k}$ .

The following two problems that arise for intersection multiplicities  $s_i > 1$  were noticed by Carsten Lange resp. by Karsten Vogel:

1. In the presence of intersection multiplicities, there are two different versions of a “Kneser hypergraph,” depending on whether one admits hypergraph edges that are multisets rather than sets. It is shown in [3] that the chromatic numbers are substantially different for the two concepts of hypergraphs. The lower bounds of Sarkaria [4] and of [5, Thm. 5.1] apply only to the multiset version. The coloring and upper bound of [5, Lemma 3.1] is also valid for the multiset version. The coloring of [5, Example 7.2] refers to the set version.
2. The reductions to the case of prime  $r$  in the proof for [5, Thm. 5.1] works only if the intersection multiplicities are strictly smaller than the largest prime factor of  $r$ . (Specifically, a problem arises in the reduction of [5, pp. 679–680] if the auxiliary set system  $\mathcal{T}$  is empty.) Currently we have no valid proof for the lower bound result in the other cases. This also applies to the special case  $\mathcal{S} = \binom{[n]}{k}$  of Sarkaria [4].

Details will be presented in [3].

## References

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\*Partially supported by Deutsche Forschungs-Gemeinschaft (DFG)